What is a specialty drug benefit?

A specialty drug benefit requires that you pay a different amount (copayment) for specialty drugs, no matter what the status is of your drug on our PDL. If you have a specialty drug benefit, you will pay the specialty drug copayment or coinsurance under your plan for specialty drugs, whether or not you receive a generic, preferred brand or non-preferred brand drug. Refer to your benefit document to find the amounts that apply to you for specialty drugs.

What if my drug is not listed on this PDL?

This is a listing of the most commonly prescribed drugs within certain categories. If your drug is not listed, it may well be that:

- 1. Your drug is a generic and all generics are considered preferred drugs,
- Your drug is not a preferred drug and is available at the highest copayment or coinsurance, or
- Your drug is preferred but is not included in this brochure. For an alphabetical listing of commonly prescribed generic and preferred brand-name drugs, visit our website. Or, call Caremark toll free at 888-963-7290. Caremark is an independent company that administers prescription drug benefits on behalf of your health plan.
- There are a few drugs for which your doctor may need to request prior authorization from us before you can fill the prescription. This is to make sure your benefit plan covers the drugs. Visit our website for more details.
- Your drug is available over the counter or is excluded from coverage. For many conditions, an over-the-counter (OTC) medication may be the most appropriate treatment. Talk to your doctor about over the counter alternatives. They may be a good choice for you and may cost you less.

Keep in mind this list is subject to change. Your benefit document defines your actual benefit and may exclude coverage for certain drugs listed in this booklet. Some drugs have quantity limits on them. This means you only can receive a limited amount at one time or during a specific time period. Your pharmacist can tell you if your benefit plan applies any limitations to your prescriptions. Pharmacy law requires a valid prescription for the purchase of needles and syringes in certain states. If covered in the pharmacy benefit, OTC products require a valid prescription.

The PDL is subject to change any time during the year without prior notification to members or physicians.

ANTI-INFECTIVES

ANTIBACTERIALS

§ CEPHALOSPORINS

cefaclor cefdinir

cephalexin

§ ERYTHROMYCINS / MACROLIDES

azithromycin

clarithromycin

clarithromycin ext-rel

erythromycins

§ FLUOROQUINOLONES

ciprofloxacin ext-rel

ciprofloxacin tablet

levofloxacin

CIPRO SUSPENSION

§ PENICILLINS

amoxicillin

amoxicillin-clavulanate

dicloxacillin penicillin VK

§ TETRACYCLINES

doxycycline hyclate

minocycline

tetracycline

§ ANTIFUNGALS

fluconazole

itraconazole terbinafine tablet

ANTIVIRALS

§ HERPES AGENTS

acyclovir

valacyclovir

§ INFLUENZA AGENTS

amantadine rimantadine

RELENZA TAMIFLU

§ MISCELLANEOUS

metronidazole

sulfamethoxazole-trimethoprim

CARDIOVASCULAR

§ ACE INHIBITORS

fosinopril

lisinopril

quinapril

ramipril

§ ACE INHIBITOR / CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER COMBINATIONS amlodipine-benazepril

§ ACE INHIBITOR / DIURETIC COMBINATIONS

fosinopril-hydrochlorothiazide

lisinopril-hydrochlorothiazide

quinapril-hydrochlorothiazide

§ ANGIOTENSIN II RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS /

DIURETIC COMBINATIONS

irbesartan / irbesartan-hydrochlorothiazide

losartan / losartan-hydrochlorothiazide

valsartan-hydrochlorothiazide BENICAR / BENICAR HCT

MICARDIS / MICARDIS HCT

WIIGHTEDIO / WIIGHTEDIO 1101

ANGIOTENSIN II RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST /

CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER COMBINATIONS

AZOR

TWYNSTA

ANGIOTENSIN II RECEPTOR ANTAGONIST /

CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER / DIURETIC COMBINATIONS

TRIBENZOR

ANTILIPEMICS

§ BILE ACID RESINS

cholestyramine

WELCHOL

CHOLESTEROL ABSORPTION INHIBITORS

ZETIA

§ FIBRATES

fenofibrate

§ HMG-Coa REDUCTASE INHIBITORS

atorvastatin

fluvastatin

pravastatin

simvastatin

NIACINS / COMBINATIONS

NIASPAN SIMCOR

§ BETA-BLOCKERS

atenolol

carvedilol

metoprolol

metoprolol succinate ext-rel

nadolol

propranolol BYSTOLIC

§ CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS

amlodipine

diltiazem ext-rel

nifedipine ext-rel

verapamil ext-rel

§ CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKER / ANTILIPEMIC COMBINATIONS

amlodipine-atorvastatin

§ DIGITALIS GLYCOSIDES

diaoxin

§ DIURETICS

furosemide

hydrochlorothiazide

metolazone

spironolactone-hydrochlorothiazide

torsemide

triamterene-hydrochlorothiazide

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

ANTIDEPRESSANTS

§ SELECTIVE SEROTONIN REUPTAKE INHIBITORS (SSRIs)

citalopram

escitalopram

fluoxetine paroxetine

paroxetine ext-rel

sertraline

§ SEROTONIN NOREPINEPHRINE REUPTAKE INHIBITORS (SNRIS) 1

venlafaxine

venlafaxine ext-rel

CYMBALTA

§ MISCELLANEOUS AGENTS

bupropion

bupropion ext-rel mirtazapine

§ HYPNOTICS, NONBENZODIAZEPINES

zaleplon zolpidem

ROZEREM

MIGRAINE

§ SELECTIVE SEROTONIN AGONISTS

naratriptan

sumatriptan MAXALT

ZOMIG

ENDOCRINE AND METABOLIC

ANDROGENS

ANDRODERM AXIRON FORTESTA

ANTIDIABETICS

§ BIGUANIDES

metformin

metformin ext-rel

§ BIGUANIDE / SULFONYLUREA COMBINATIONS

glipizide-metformin

DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASE-4 (DPP-4) INHIBITORS

JANUVIA ONGLYZA

DIPEPTIDYL PEPTIDASE-4 (DPP-4) INHIBITOR / BIGUANIDE COMBINATIONS

JANUMET JANUMET XR

KOMBIGLYZE XR
INCRETIN MIMETIC AGENTS

BYETTA

VICTOZA INSULINS

APIDRA

HUMALOG HUMULIN

LANTUS

LEVEMIR

NOVOLIN

NOVOLOG § INSULIN SENSITIZERS

pioglitazone

ACTOS

§ INSULIN SENSITIZER / BIGUANIDE COMBINATIONS

pioglitazone-metformin

ACTOPLUS MET

INSULIN SENSITIZER / SULFONYLUREA COMBINATIONS

DUETACT

§ MEGLITINIDES

nateglinide PRANDIN

§ SULFONYLUREAS

glimepiride

glipizide glipizide ext-rel

SUPPLIES

ACCU-CHEK STRIPS AND KITS

BD INSULIN SYRINGES AND NEEDLES

ONETOUCH STRIPS AND KITS

CALCIUM REGULATORS

§ BISPHOSPHONATES

alendronate ibandronate

IDanululula

§ CALCITONINS

calcitonin-salmon

PARATHYROID HORMONES

FORTEO

CONTRACEPTIVES

§ MONOPHASIC

ethinyl estradiol-drospirenone (gianvi, ocella) ethinyl estradiol-levonorgestrel (aviane, levora) tamsulosin

terazosin

AVODART

oxybutynin

tolterodine

trospium

GELNIQUE

VESICARE

warfarin

COUMADIN

PRADAXA

FPIPFN

SPIRIVA

EPIPEN JR

oxvbutvnin ext-rel

trospium ext-rel

HEMATOLOGIC

RESPIRATORY

§ ANTICHOLINERGICS

COMBIVENT RESPIMAT

OTC STORE BRANDS †

OTC STORE BRANDS †

OTC STORE BRANDS †

BETA AGONISTS, INHALANTS

ZYRTEC OTC †

ALLEGRA OTC †

CLARITIN OTC †

ALLEGRA-D OTC †

CLARITIN-D OTC †

ZYRTEC-D OTC †

§ SHORT ACTING

albuterol

FORADIL

SEREVENT

montelukast

§ NASAL ANTIHISTAMINES

§ NASAL STEROIDS

zafirlukast

azelastine

ASTEPRO

flunisolide

fluticasone

triamcinolone

PROAIR HFA

VENTOLIN HFA

LONG ACTING

ANAPHYLAXIS TREATMENT AGENTS

ipratropium-albuterol inhalation solution

§ ANTIHISTAMINES, LOW SEDATING

§ ANTIHISTAMINES, NONSEDATING

§ ANTIHISTAMINE / DECONGESTANTS

§ LEUKOTRIENE RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

§ ANTICHOLINERGIC / BETA AGONIST COMBINATIONS

§ ANTICOAGULANTS

§ URINARY ANTISPASMODICS

§ EXTENDED CYCLE

amethia

amethia lo

camrese

camrese lo

ethinyl estradiol-levonorgestrel

TRANSDERMAL

ORTHO EVRA

VAGINAL

NUVARING

ESTROGENS

§ ORAL

estradiol

estropipate ENJUVIA

PREMARIN

§ TRANSDERMAL

estradiol

VIVELLE-DOT

§ ESTROGEN / PROGESTINS, ORAL

estradiol-norethindrone

PREMPHASE

PREMPRO

§ PROGESTINS, ORAL

medroxyprogesterone

progesterone, micronized

PROMETRIUM

SELECTIVE ESTROGEN RECEPTOR MODULATORS

EVISTA

§ THYROID SUPPLEMENTS

levothyroxine

GASTROINTESTINAL

§ H2 RECEPTOR ANTAGONISTS

ranitidine

§ PROTON PUMP INHIBITORS

lansoprazole

omeprazole

omeprazole-sodium bicarbonate

pantoprazole

NEXIÚM

PREVACID 24HR OTC †

PRILOSEC OTC †

ZEGERID OTC †

GENITOURINARY

§ BENIGN PROSTATIC HYPERPLASIA

doxazosin

finasteride

NASONEX

STEROID / BETA AGONIST COMBINATIONS

DULERA

SYMBICORT

§ STEROID INHALANTS

budesonide inhalation suspension

ALVESCO **ASMANEX**

FLOVENT

PULMICORT FLEXHALER

OVAR

TOPICAL

DERMATOLOGY

§ ACNE

adapalene

clindamycin solution

clindamycin-benzoyl peroxide

erythromycin solution

erythromycin-benzoyl peroxide

tretinoin

RETIN-A MICRO

OPHTHALMIC

§ ANTIALLERGICS

azelastine

§ ANTI-INFECTIVES

7YMAXID

§ ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES, STEROIDAL DUREZOL

§ BETA-BLOCKERS, NONSELECTIVE

timolol maleate solution

BETA-BLOCKERS, SELECTIVE

BETOPTIC S

§ CARBONIC ANHYDRASE INHIBITORS

AZOPT

§ PROSTAGLANDINS

latanoprost TRAVÁTAN Z

7IOPTAN

§ SYMPATHOMIMETICS

brimonidine. ALPHAGAN P

SYMPATHOMIMETIC / BETA-BLOCKER COMBINATIONS

COMBIGAN

§ Generics are available in this class and should be considered the first line of prescribing. Your benefit document defines actual benefits available and may exclude over-the-

counter (OTC) drug coverage. Check your benefit information to verify coverage, or view personal benefit information through our website.

1 Indicates the proposed mechanism of action, based on the American Psychiatric Association Summary of Treatment Recommendations.

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BC 11700 CMK 13808



www.SouthCarolinaBlues.com **Preferred Drug List**

Your prescription benefit provides you and your doctor with many choices. Understanding them will help you make informed health care decisions. It will also enable you to ask your doctor or pharmacist the right questions about your medication needs. We want to make sure you have the information you need to make the best choice for you.

What is a Preferred Drug List (PDL)?

A PDL is a list of prescription medications chosen for their clinical value and cost-effectiveness by an independent panel of physicians and pharmacists. With our PDL, you and your doctor have the freedom to choose the medication that works best for you. Since there may be more than one drug available for your medical condition, we encourage you to use generic and preferred brand-name drugs whenever possible to help manage your prescription costs. NOTE: The PDL is subject to change without notice at any time during the year without prior notice to members or physicians. For the most current PDL information, please visit our website at the address indicated on your ID card and click on the "Prescription Drug Information" link.

Should I use generic drugs?

Absolutely! Generic drugs become available when patents expire on brandname drugs. They contain the same active ingredients as brand drugs, but are not manufactured under a brand name or trademark. The color and shape of the generic drug may be different from its brand-name counterpart, but the active ingredients are the same for both. Generic drugs must meet the same U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) quality standards as the brand-name drugs. You should always ask your doctor to allow a generic substitution if one is available. When you use a generic drug, you get the same quality as the brand-name drug — at a lower cost.

What is a 3-tier benefit?

(Most employers offer a 3-tier benefit plan. Refer to your group benefit booklet to see if this applies to you.) Medications in a 3-tier benefit structure are divided into three tiers — Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3. Each tier is assigned a copayment or coinsurance amount, which is the amount you pay when you receive a prescription. Refer to your benefit document to find the amounts that apply to you. Tier 1 drugs are generic drugs. Tier 1 drugs in this document are in all lowercase letters. For the lowest out-of-pocket expense, you should always consider Tier 1 drugs if you and your doctor decide they are appropriate for you. Tier 2 drugs are preferred brand-name drugs. Tier 2 drugs in this document are listed after the Tier 1 drugs. Consider Tier 2 drugs if no Tier 1 drug is available to treat your condition. Tier 3 drugs are non-preferred and will usually cost you more. If you are using a Tier 3 drug, talk to your doctor about Tier 1 and 2 drugs that may be appropriate for you. NOTE: When a generic becomes available, most of the time the brand-name drug will automatically move to the 3rd tier.

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see other side